Overview of the Navrongo Health Research Centre



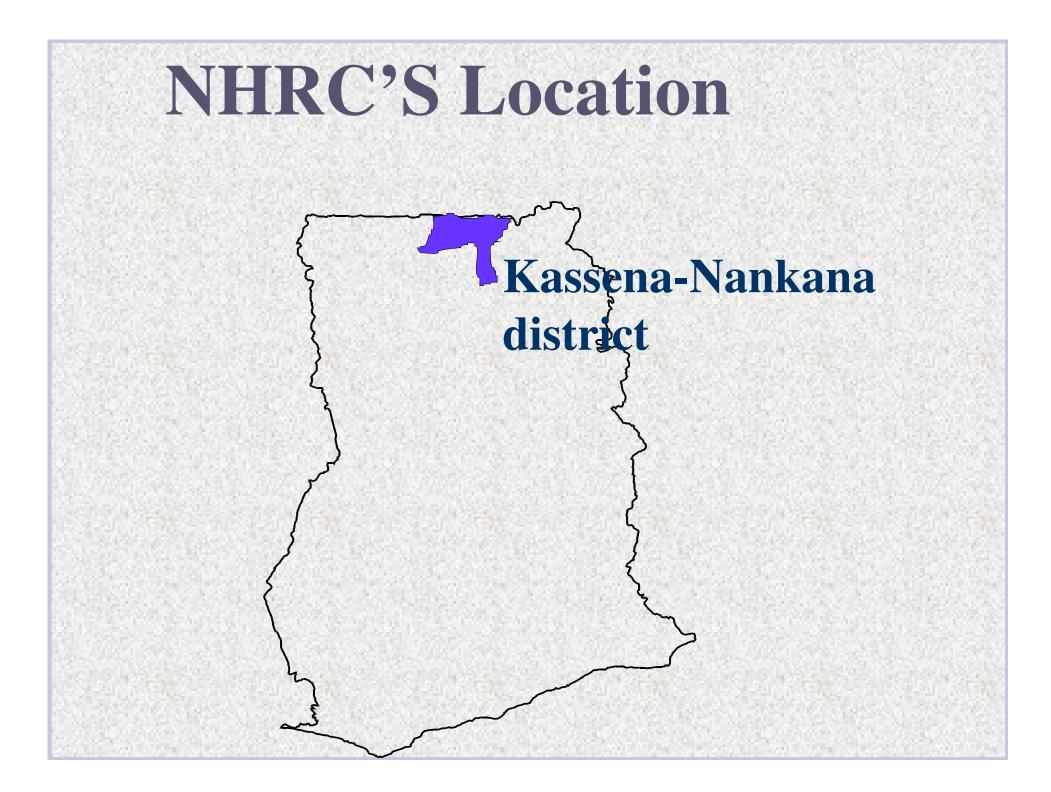


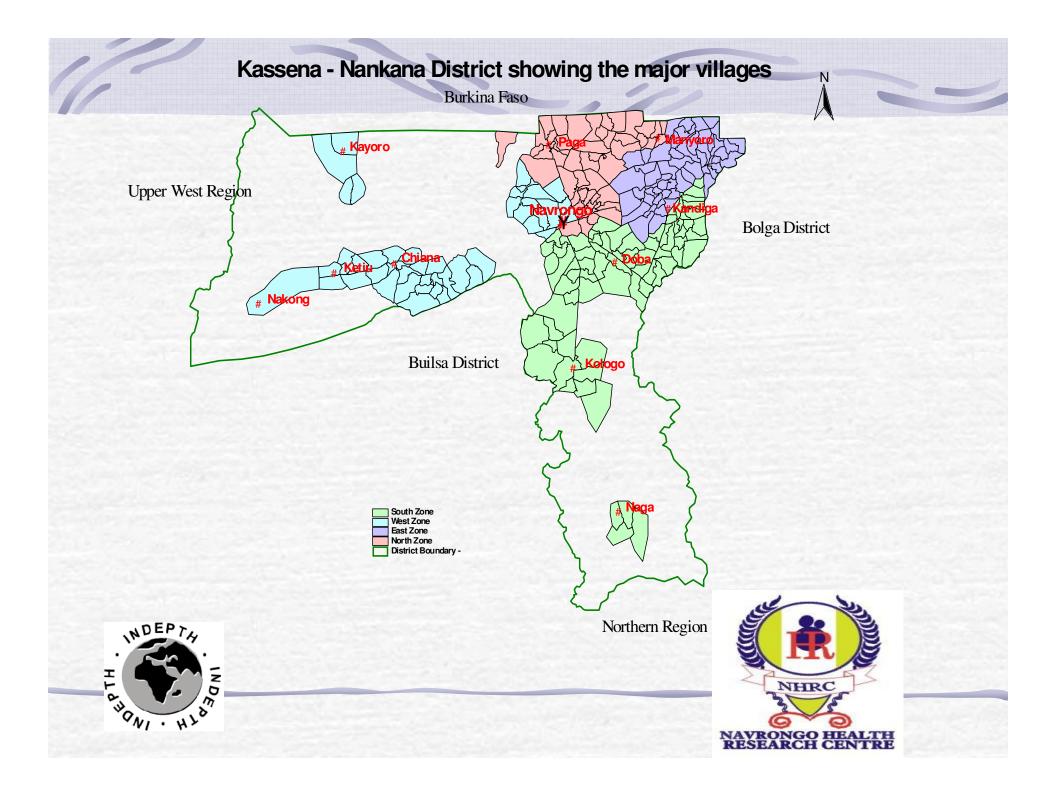












Characteristics of KND

•Area - 1674 sq.km.

- •**Population** 150,000 (under surveillance) 82% Rural
- •Climate One rainy season (June-Oct.)
 - Long dry season (Nov-May)
- •Vegetation Savannah
- •People Kassenas, Nankanis & Builsas





NHRC'S MANDATE

•To research into priority health problems facing the developing world and inform policy decisions on feasible interventions





Epidemiology of the Study population

Malaria is the major cause of morbidity and death

Diarrhoea and ARI also important causes of disease and death

Periodic outbreaks of CSM (meningitis)





Research interest areas

Malaria

Diarrhoeal diseases
Respiratory Infections
Other communicable diseases
CSM, Schistosomiasis, Filariasis
Reproductive health issues





Scientific staff of the NHRC

- •Epidemiologists
- Statisticians
- Biologists
- Demographers
- Social Scientists
- Health Economists





Completed Trials/Studies I Vitamin A Supplementation Trial Bednet Trial Malaria Attack Rate Studies Etaquine Trial Malarial Case Control Study Artesunate Trial ■IPTi & IPTp





Completed Trials/Studies II

FGM
Maternal Health Study
Azithromycin/Chloroquine Studies
Meningitis Vaccine Trial
IPTi Acceptability
Malaria RDT Studies
Rotateq Trial



CHFP



Ongoing Trials/Studies I Malarial epidemiological studies Cerebrospinal Meningitis Surveillance Human Rotavirus Vaccine Trial (RRV-TV) ASRH Schistosomiasis Meningitis vaccine trial II **INESS** Normal Values Study

On-going studies/Trials II

MoTechQualmat





The Navrongo HDSS









The Navrongo HDSS

The success of all completed and ongoing projects is facilitated by the existence of the Navrongo HDSS.

Fieldworkers visit each household periodically to collect and update the socio-demographic information of each individual.

Information collected include births, deaths, pregnancies, migrations, vaccination, education, among others

•Verbal autopsies are also conducted on all deaths to ascertain the probable causes of deaths of the people.



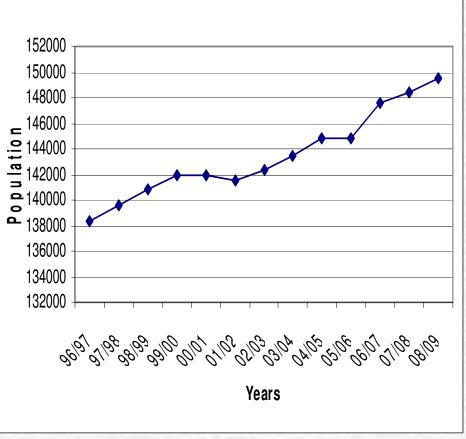


Population levels and trend

Population continues to grow though not consistent.

The growth rate has been less than 1% over the years.

This has been due to the high net out migration from the district



Population levels and trend

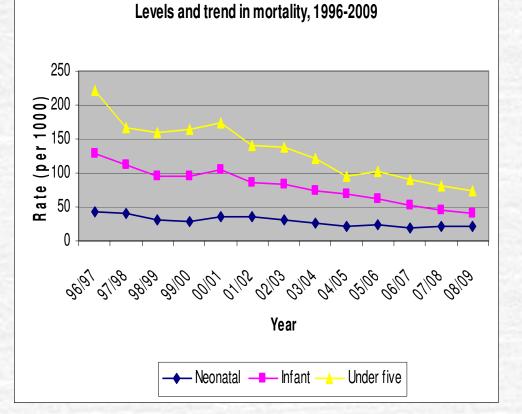




Neonatal, infant and child mortality rates

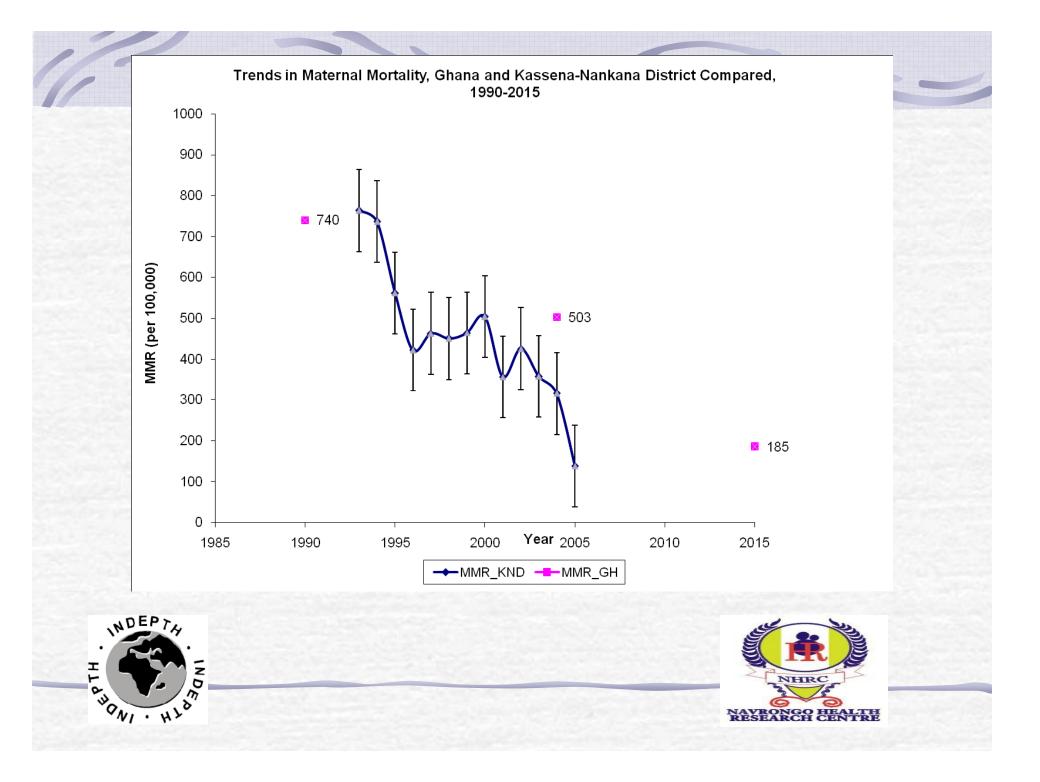
Trends in all three have been on the decline.

The decline is prominent in the infant and under five.









Collaborations The Ghana Health Service District Health Management Team Other HDSS si The INDEPTH Chief, opinion leaders and community members All our fundersvrongo HEALTH NDEPT EARCH CENTRE

Thanks for your attention





