

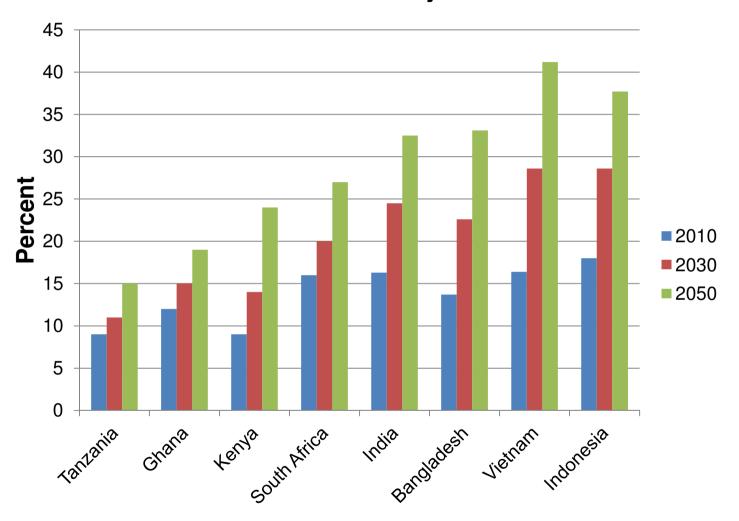
INDEPTH Adult Health & Ageing

2013/14 >

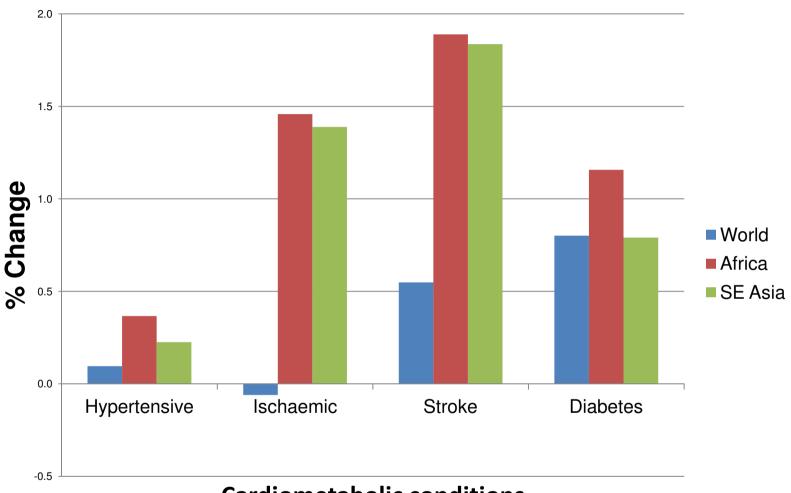




Population of older adults will increase dramatically over next 15-30 years



Increasing burden of cardiometabolic conditions in Africa and SE Asia, 2015 - 2030



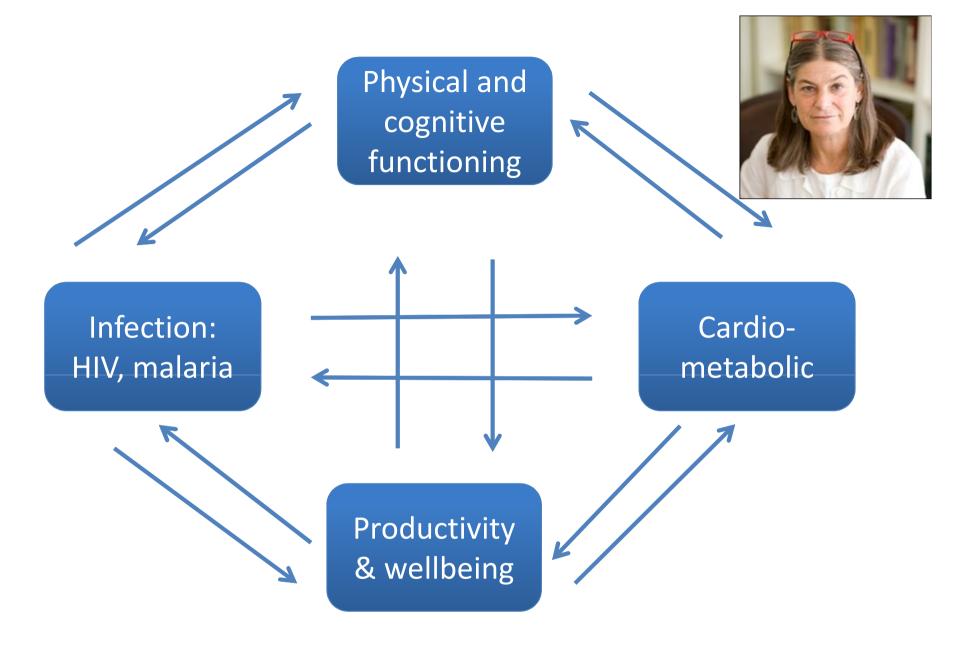
Cardiometabolic conditions

WHO Mortality Projections: www.who.int/healthinfo/global-burden-disease/projections

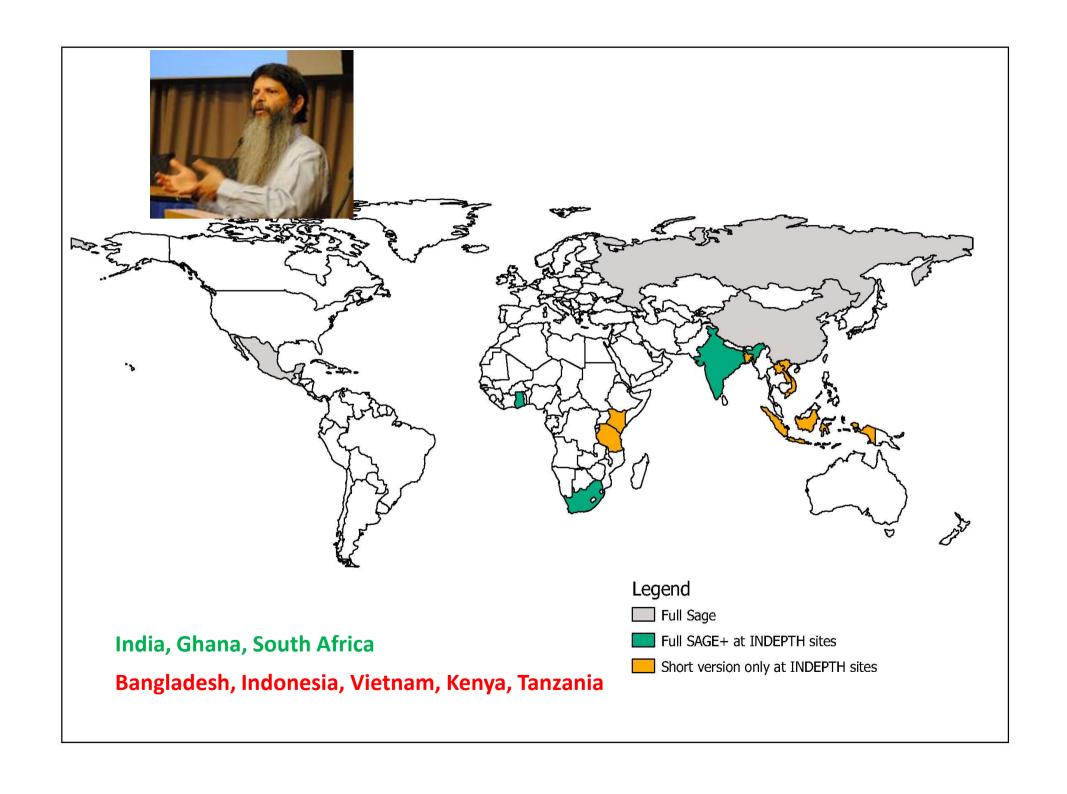
Aims

- Establish cohorts of older adults at differing stages of epi – demographic transition:
 - Social, economic, behavioural and biologic predictors of mortality
 - Levels and trajectories of disease and risk (cardiometabolic and chronic infection/HIV)
 - Changes in physical and cognitive function
 - Effects on social / economic wellbeing and productivity









WHO-SAGE survey adapted to INDEPTH centres

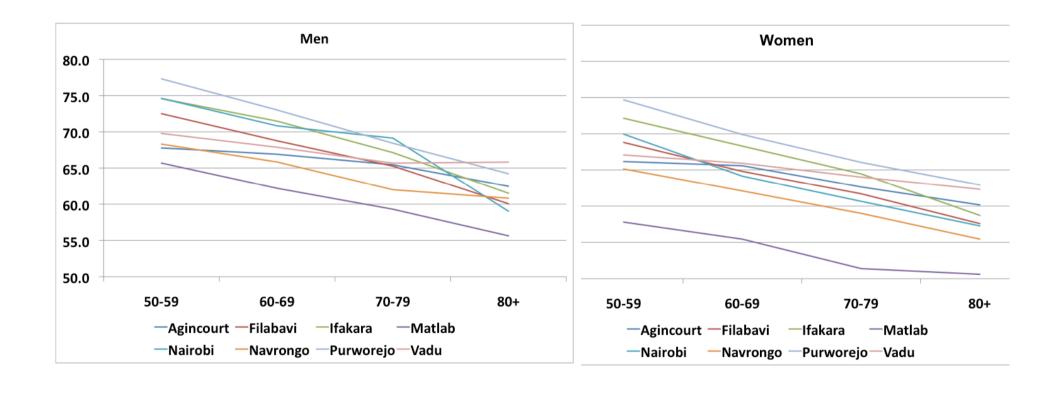
Centre	SAGE 'shor cognitive as	t' – includes sessment	physical,	Full SAGE
	Wave 1 baseline – self-report	Wave 2 bio- measures	Wave 3 bio- measure	
Sub-Saharan Africa				
Agincourt, South Africa	2006	2010	2014	Х
Ifakara, Tanzania	2007	2014		
Nairobi, Kenya	2007	2008/9	2014	
Navrongo, Ghana	2007	2014		X
Asia				
Filabavi, Vietnam	2006/7	2014		
Matlab, Bangladesh	2007	2014		
Purworejo, Indonesia	2007	2014		
Vadu, India	2007	2014		Х

INDEPTH-SAGE wave-2014

- Self-reports
 - physical / cognitive function (repeat)
 - cardiometabolic disease
 - stroke, ischaemic, hypertension, heart failure, diabetes
- Physical measures
 - height, weight, waist circumference and blood pressure
- Performance-based physical / cognitive function + work and productivity
- Dried blood spots
 - lipid profile, HbA1c, glucose, c-reactive protein
 - HIV and viral load



Older men consistently report... better health than older women



Self-reported health (SRH) & mortality, 2007-2010

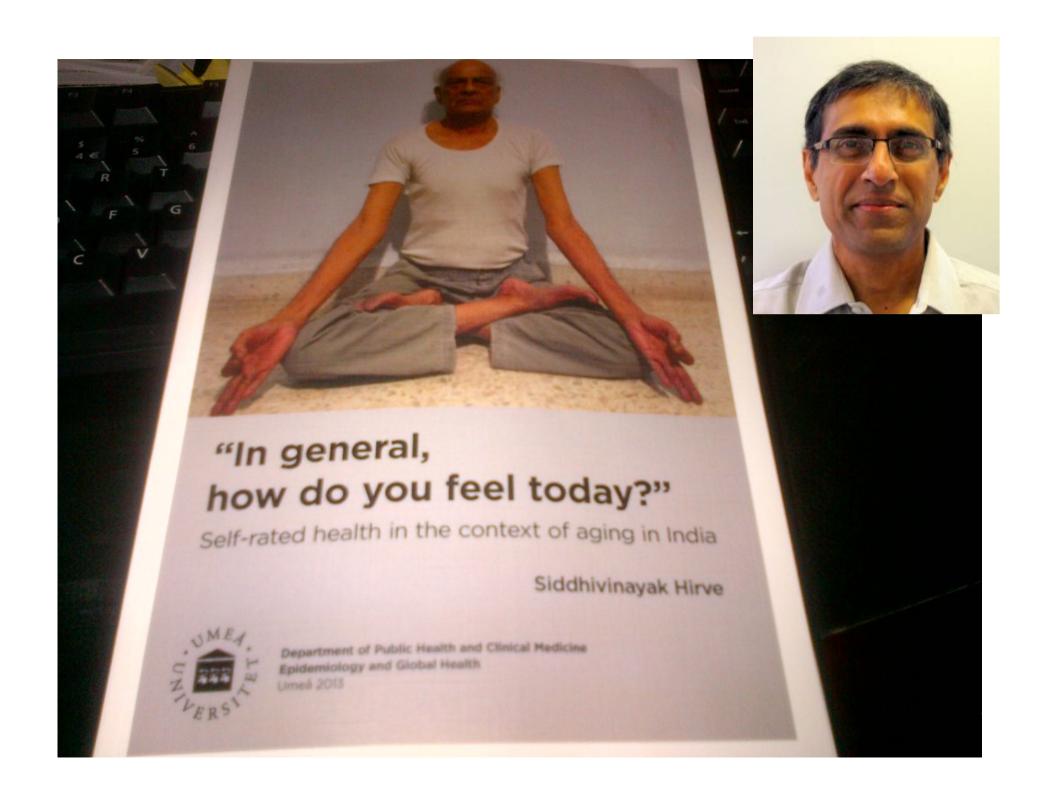
Predictors of death	Agincourt S Africa	Filabavi Vietnam	Ifakara Tanzania	Matlab Bangladesh	Nairobi Kenya	Purworejo Indonesia	Vadu India
Poor SRH	(1.3 9-2 .33)	1.18 (0.89-1.56)	(2.77-4.79)	(3.58) (2. 3-5 .6)	1.51 (0.93- 2.44)	(4.8) (3.4 7-6 .63)	(3.1 9-8 .47)
Moderate SRH	1.44 (1.15-1.8)	1.03 (0.8-1.32)	1.81 (1.42-2.31)	1.51 (0.93-2.44)	1.1 (0.7-1.73)	1.92 (1.55-2.38)	1.34 (1.04-1.73)
Good SRH	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Outcome: death (M and F)

Independent variable: self-rated health

Analysis: univariate Poisson regression

Numbers represent relative risk (95% CI)



vi Purworejo
-3.71
ty Pain/discomfort
-3.19
ergy Cognition
-2.9
mfort Vision
-2.5
on Sleep/energy
-2.26
t Affect
-2.23
n Mobility
-1.16
onal Interpersonal
0.8
re Self-care
t

Health score was used as outcome variables, and the regression analyses were adjusted to sex, age, education level, socio-economic quintiles, and marital status in each site.

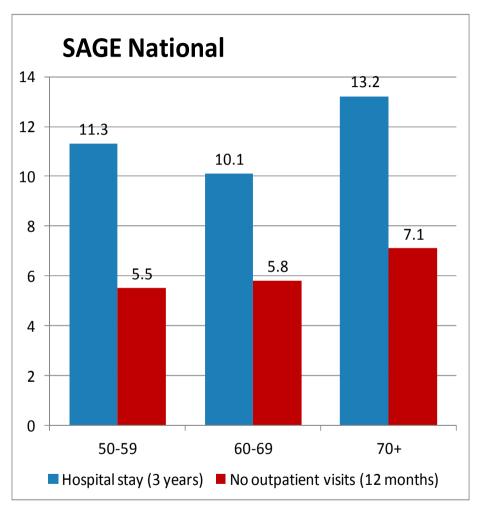
OLDER ADULTS: Wellbeing and mortality

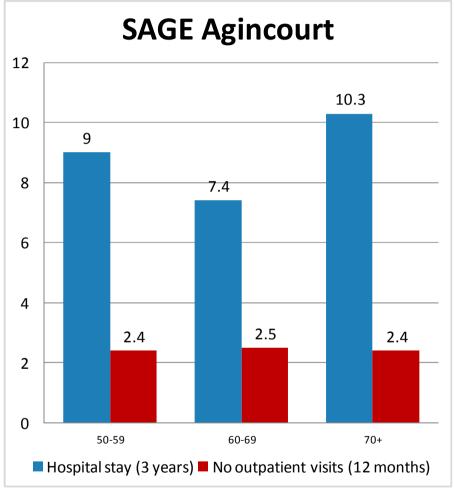
Influencing survival	Relative Risk
Single	1.52
Lower quality of life	1.59
Poorest households	1.85
Impaired function	2.40
Female	0.34



- Individual wellbeing 'improves' at pension age
- Households with pension-age woman cope better

Health care utilisation among older adults in South Africa

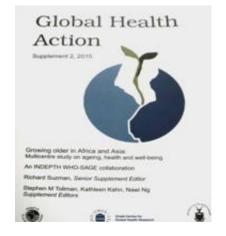




Key Outputs

- Graduate students
 - PhD
 - 2 graduated
 - 3 enrolled
 - Masters
 - 10 graduated
 - 1 enrolled
- Public access dataset
 - ~ 35 requests

- Peer-review journals
 - Centre-specific: 24
 - Multi-centre: 4
 - Centre-specific under review: 5
 - Special issue Global
 Health Action 2010





Support and partnership

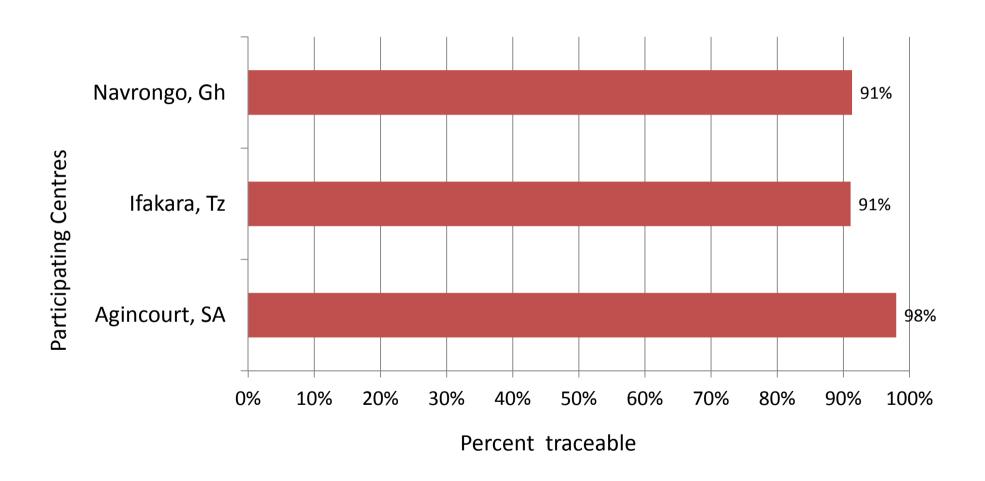
- N-I on Aging WHO; Sweden, Harvard
 - \sim \$750,000 2006-10
 - Analysis workshops: Umeå, Harvard, Wits
 - ~ \$250,000 + in 2013 for wave-2014-



- Health and Aging in Africa: longitudinal studies in INDEPTH communities (HAALSI)
 - Supported as NIA-PO1, 2013 -16 \rightarrow (Berkman, Tollman et al)
- H3A: Human Heredity and Health in Africa
 - Wits/INDEPTH Collaborating Centre (Ramsay, Sankoh et al)
 Body composition, obesity and cardiometabolic disease
 funded 2012-17



Following up older adult migrants, 2012



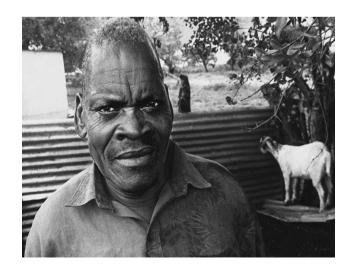
Future

- Establish a leading African Asian R&D platform:
 - Research / Research resource
 - Chronic infection (HIV) and cardiometabolic disease
 - Causes and consequences for older adult functioning and productivity
 - Intervention evaluations / trials
 - Health sector and intersectoral
 - Diffusion through INDEPTH
 Harmonising North and South



Acknowledgments

- Participating INDEPTH centres and their funding partners
- Umeå, Wits Universities
- Centre for Population & Development, Harvard U
- World Health Organization, Geneva
- National Institute on Aging, Richard Suzman
- Sweden FAS





SRH-mortality what Siddhi found

- Poor SRH is a strong predictor of mortality in men
- Lack of spousal support associated with higher mortality
- Disability attenuates the predictive role of SRH on mortality in men and women
- Education and SES do not modify the relation between SRH and mortality

Outputs: Centre detail

	Agincourt S Africa	Ifakara Tanzania	Nairobi Kenya	Navrongo Ghana	Filabavi Vietnam	Matlab Bangladesh	Purworjo Indonesia	Vadu India
PEER REVIEW	V ARTICLES							
# centre- specific	3	1	7	1	3	1	3	2
# under review	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
GRADUATE S	TUDENTS							
PhD								
Graduated	0	-	1	0	-	0	0	0
Enrolled	3	-	0	0	-	0	0	1
Masters								
Graduated	0	-	0	2	-	1	7	0
Enrolled	0	-	0	1	-	0	0	0

Agincourt, SA	Ifakara Tanzania	Nairobi Kenya	Navrongo Ghana
-2.48 Sleep/Energy	-3.51 Pain	-3.88 Vision	-2.66 Sleep/Energy
	-3.19 Mobility	-3.57 Sleep/Energy	-2.20 Affect
-2.24 Affect	-2.60 Vision	-3.53 Pain	-2.15 Mobility
-2.23 Pain	-2.42 Sleep/Energy	-3.38 Affect	-2.04 Pain
-1.80 Vision	-2.30 Cognition	-2.56 Mobility	-2.00 Cognition
-1.70 Mobility	-1.89 Affect	-2.38 Cognition	-1.54 Interpersonal
-1.50 Interpersonal	-0.56 Interpersonal	-1.87 Interpersonal	-1.51 Vision
-0.50 Selfcare	-0.46 Selfcare	0.16 Selfcare	-0.19 Selfcare

Health score was used as outcome variable, and the regression analyses were adjusted to sex, age, education level, socio-economic quintiles, and marital status in each site

Navrongo	Ifakara	Nairobi	Agincourt
-2.18	-3.28	-3.28	-2.35
Sleep/energy	Pain/discomfort	Vision	Sleep/energy
-1.96	-3.1	-3.09	-2.23
Mobility	Mobility	Pain/discomfort	Pain/discomfort
-1.91	-2.36	-2.82	-2.13
Affect	Vision	Sleep/energy	Cognition
-1.84	-2.25	-2.62	-2.05
Pain/discomfort	Sleep/energy	Affect	Affect
-1.81	-2.21	-2.5	-1.6
Cognition	Cognition	Mobility	Vision
-1.51	-1.91	-2.37	-1.6
Interpersonal	Affect	Cognition	Mobility
-1.39	-0.59	-1.91	-1.34
Vision	Interpersonal	Interpersonal	Interpersonal
-0.6	-0.24	-0.18	-0.72
Self-care	Self-care	Self-care	Self-care

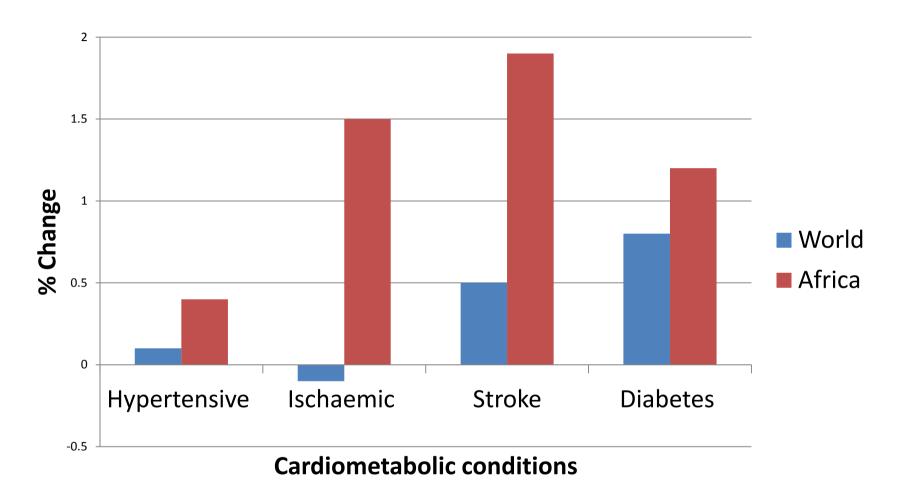
Health score was used as outcome variables, and the regression analyses were adjusted to sex, age, education level, socio-economic quintiles, and marital status in each site.

Participating Centres

Centre	Study population		
	Site pop	Pop 50+	
Sub-Saharan Africa			
Agincourt, South Africa	70 000	8 429	
Ifakara, Tanzania	60 000	6 600	
Nairobi, Kenya	68 746	2 771	
Navrongo, Ghana	144 187	22 952	
Asia			
Filabavi, Vietnam	50 000	8 500	
Matlab, Bangladesh	212 328	33 797	
Purworejo, Indonesia	52 500	14 200	
Vadu, India	68 354	8 754	

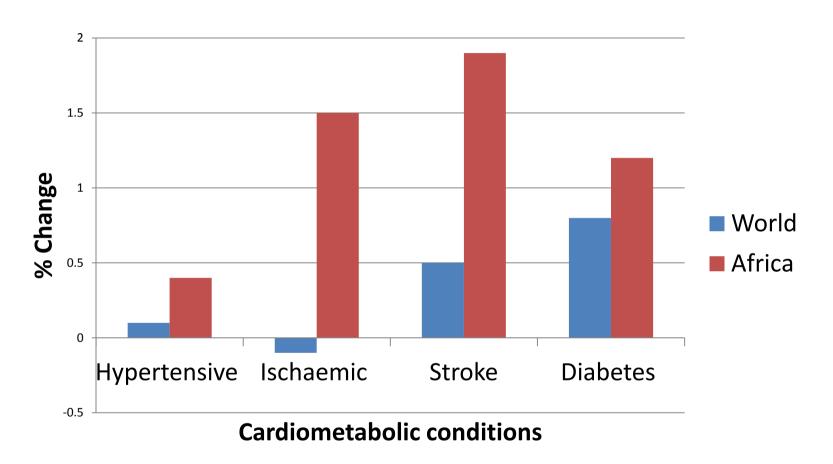
Iganga/Mayuge, Uganda: pilot August 2012; larger survey April

Increasing burden of cardiometabolic conditions in Africa, 2015 - 2030



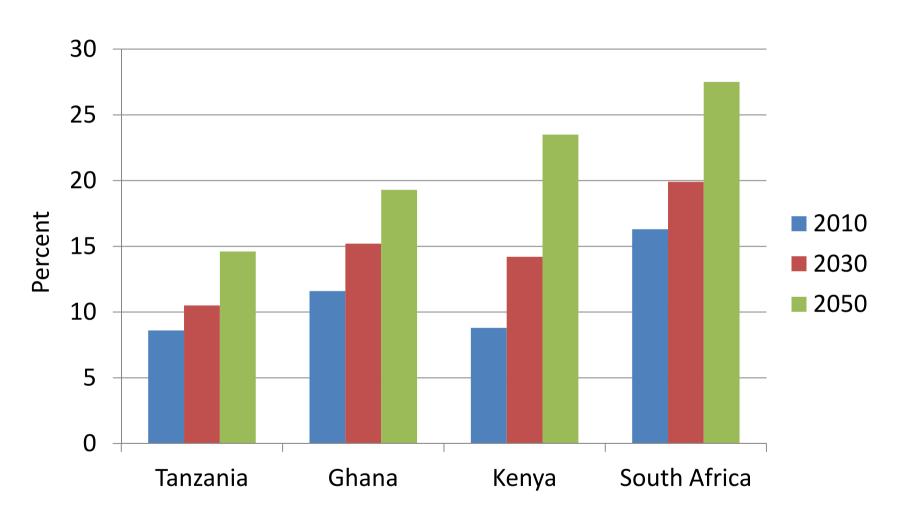
WHO Mortality Projections: www.who.int/healthinfo/global-burden-disease/projections

Increasing burden of cardiometabolic conditions in Africa, 2015 - 2030

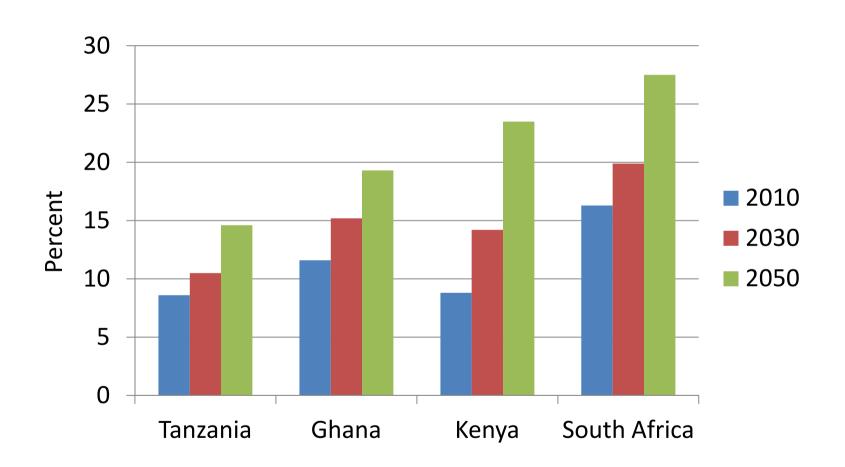


WHO Mortality Projections: www.who.int/healthinfo/global-burden-disease/projections

Populations of adults 50+ will increase dramatically over next 15-30 years



Populations of adults 50+ will increase dramatically over next 15-30 years



Our Vision Statement

Osman Sankoh Executive Director

ISC 2013 Johannesburg, South Africa



International

Network for the

Demographic

Evaluation of

Populations and

Their

Health

in low- and middle-income countries

Established in 1998



Strategic Plan 2013-2016 Our Vision is...

INDEPTH will be an (1) international network of demographic research institutions that (2) provides health and demographic data to enable (3) developing countries set health priorities and policies based on the (4) best available evidence and to (5) guide the cost-effective use of tools, interventions and systems to (6) ensure and monitor progress towards national goals.

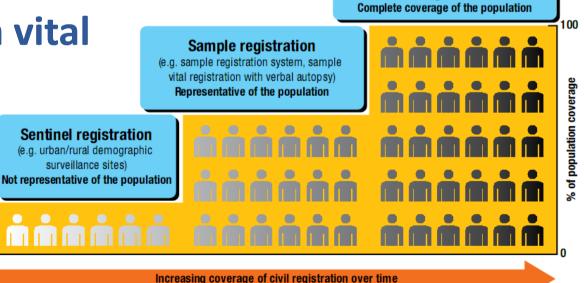


Why we are here this week:



The contribution of INDEPTH's HDSS sites to strengthening national health and information systems

Stepping stones to a vital statistics system





Source: Health Metrics Network

Full registration

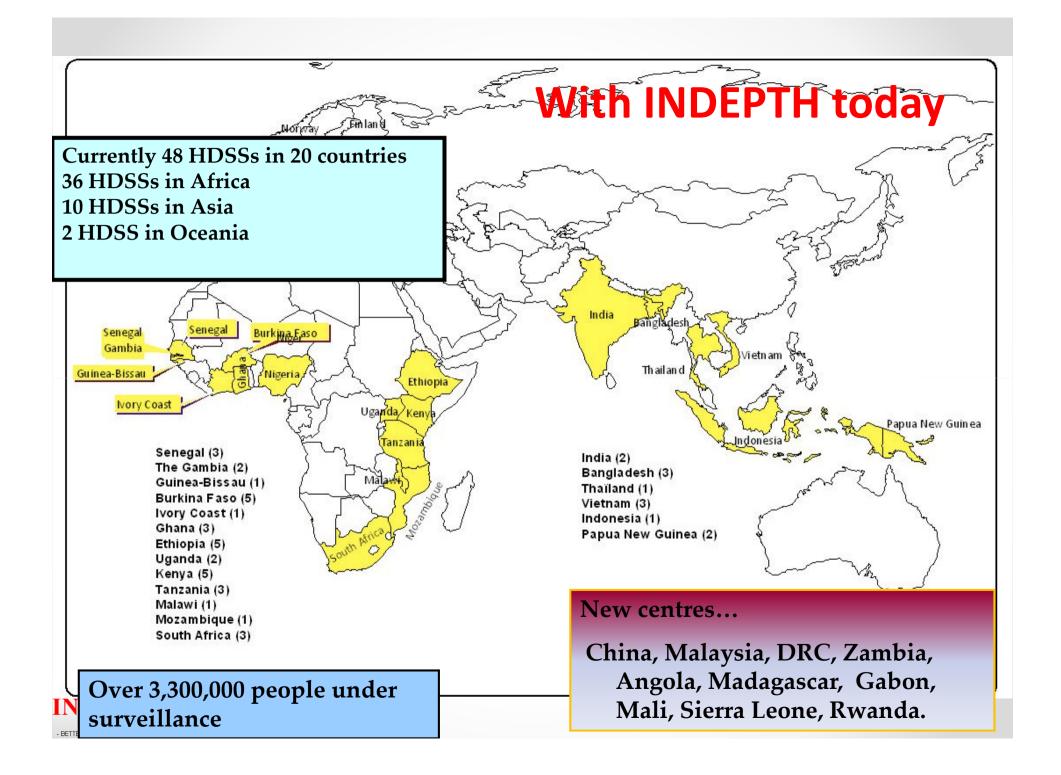
Prior to INDEPTH

 HDSS centres operated as disparate research entities in small localities within countries.

Many of their findings remained unknown in the international health arena.

- INDEPTH Network constituted in 1998
 - a critical mass of HDSS centres is necessary
 - with the ability to conduct research of international importance using comparative and standardised tools.





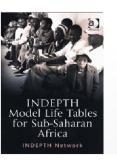
A Decade of INDEPTH development

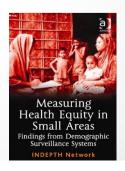
- Numerous gaps addressed by INDEPTH research:
 - from unrecorded trends in mortality and cause of death to life-course research

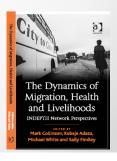
- Standardised survey instruments developed
- Multi-site analyses increasingly use harmonised variables and integrated datasets.











Some Landmark Studies 1/3

- The INDEPTH Effectiveness and Safety Studies of Antimalarials in Africa (INESS) - 7 HDSS centres
 - The first time that this kind of Phase IV study for antimalarials is taking place in Africa under the direction of African researchers.
- Optimising the impact and cost-effectiveness of child health intervention programmes of vaccines and micronutrients in low-income countries (OPTIMUNISE)
 - HDSSs in Asia and Africa



Some Landmark Studies 2/3

Epilepsy study, 5 countries

Parasites and poor antenatal care are the main causes of epilepsy in sub-Saharan Africa, study reveals

31 January 2013



The largest study of epilepsy in Africa to date reveals that programmes to control parasitic diseases and access to better antenatal care could substantially reduce the prevalence of the disease in this region.

• The INDEPTH Malaria Clinical Trials Alliance (MCTA) trained personnel and improved facilities and infrastructure for clinical malaria vaccine and therapeutic trials in 10 countries across Africa.



Some Landmark Studies 3/3

- Work on Adult Health and Aging at 8 INDEPTH centres in Asia and Africa led by Agincourt HDSS in South Africa.
 - Field-tested the WHO Global Survey on Adult Health and Global Aging (SAGE).
 - Strengthen empirical understanding of aging and older persons to assess follow-up strategies or test new survey methods.



Centre-specific studies

Diverse and exciting research portfolios by the individual member centres

 The multi-centre INDEPTH studies succeed only due to strong commitment and increased quality of the member centres

 INDEPTH website provides profiles of these centres (www.indepth-network.org)



INDEPTH's Scientific Vision

- Our vision is to harness the world's HDSSs and bring empirical understanding to bear on critical persisting and emerging health problems.
- The overall aim of INDEPTH's research is to generate robust scientific knowledge that can guide evidencebased health and social policy interventions at local, national and international levels.



Our Research Strategy

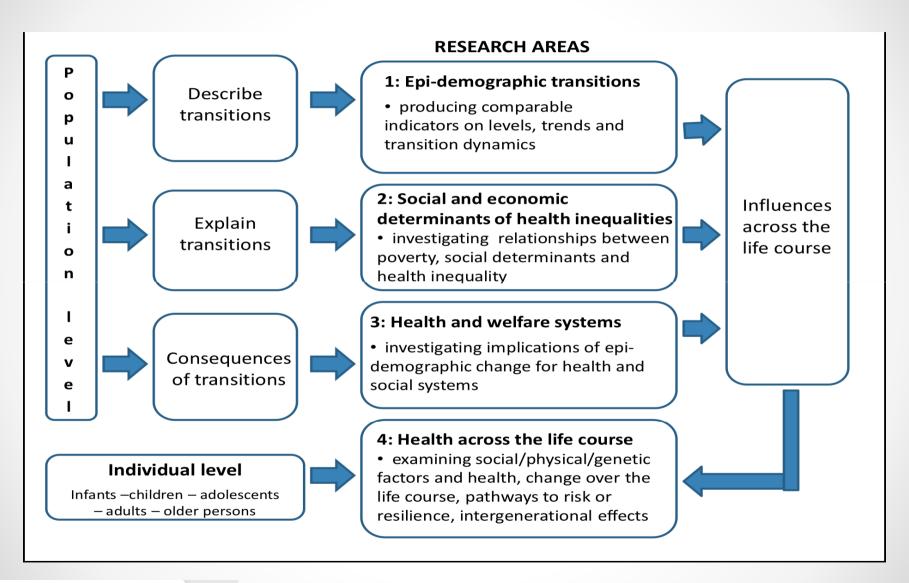
- INDEPTH conducts research studies and strengthens global capacity to conduct studies that use the key demographic outcomes measured by HDSS centres:
 - fertility, all-cause and cause-specific mortality, morbidity and mobility.

Priority is given to:

- Outcomes that are measured poorly by other data collection systems
- Answering questions that require research in more than one HDSS.



Research Framework





Structuring the Science

- Observational work: denominators, vital events and contextual variables inherent in HDSSs
- <u>Development of cohorts</u> (e.g. adult, adolescent or household cohorts)
- Intervention-research: including community based trials, and systems and policy evaluations
- Health and social policy and programmes: Apply findings to health and development with support to scaling-up
- <u>Methodological innovation</u>: verbal autopsy, the linking of population-based and health service data, etc.



Capacity Strengthening and training

- Help individual centres to publicise their research and results for greater policy influence.
- At a multi-centre level, our workshops train data managers and analysts and help develop the next generation of HDSS professionals.
- And at a broader network level, we assist centres in developing regional groups and teams.



Data sharing efforts...

 In July 2013 we launched the world's first online data repository specialising in longitudinal individual exposure

- INDEPTHStats, a website
 - freely available
 - allows users to explore basic demographic indicators from our member centres



Home

What is this?

How to use it?

History

Data

Citations

News

INDEPTH Stats

Contact Us



Africa Centre HDSS, South Africa

The service facility survey catalog provides access to data along with accompanying survey documents from facility level surveys conducted by the World Bank. Service delivery surveys are tools to measure the effectiveness of basic services such as education, health, and water and sanitation...The Africa Centre Demographic Information System (ACDIS) started data collection in January 2000. Read More »

As of October 27. 2013 the Library contains

7 surveys 3,160 citations

539 variables

a



INDEPTHStats

Displaying longitudinal health and demographic indicators from INDEPTH

member centres in Africa, Asia and Oceania

HDSS Population Data

HDSS Fertility Data

HDSS Migration Data

HDSS Mortality Data

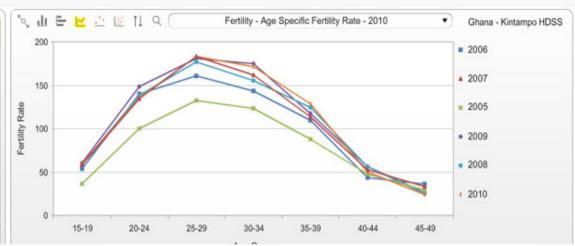
HDSS Cause Of Death Data

arch...



INDE

- BETTER HEALTH II





THE LANCET Global Health

INDEPTH launches a data repository and INDEPTHStats

THE LANCET Global Health

The good, the bad, and the neglected





Public Health Association of South Africa

Represents the interests and promotes greater equity of the public health in South Africa.

INDEPTH Data Repository & INDEPTHStats



The International Network for the Demographic Evaluation of Populations and Their Health (INDEPTH)

THE TIMES OF INDIA

Health data from global field sites online





INDEPTH Network launches INDEPTH Stats

Thursday 4th July, 2013



Jul 02, 2013 at 7:32pm

INDEPTH Network makes critical health and demographic data available



In Conclusion....

Through our global network, INDEPTH is developing the requisite information base,

providing high quality longitudinal data about

the lives of people AND how development policies and programmes impact on those lives





